community, the human rights abuses being carried out by the armed terrorists at the behest of Pakistan. The above mentioned report has only corroborated our assertions. The said report is, therefore, being utilised in various international fora as a further evidence of Pakistan's involvement in aiding and abetting terrorism in the State of Jammu & Kashmir leading to large scale human rights abuses.

स्वतंत्रता सेनानियों के आश्रितों को छूट

2358. **श्री अजीत जोगी** : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार स्वतंत्रता सेनानी पेंशन भोगियों के आश्रितों हेतु रोजगार में आरक्षण/छूट देने की योजना पर विचार कर रही है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी०एम० सईद) :

(क) से (ग) स्वतंत्रता सेनानियों के आश्रितों को केन्द्रीय सरकार के अधीन रोजगार प्रदान करने के प्रस्ताव पर, केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा विचार किया गया है । यह निर्णय लिया गया है कि उन्हें रोजगार प्रदान करने का मसला राज्य सरकारों के विवेक पर छोड़ दिया जाए । तदनुसार, राज्य सरकारों को नवम्बर, 1988 में लिख दिया गया था ।

Black Mailing of Girls

2359. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA :
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the recent rising trends of gang-rapes of girls under threats and terror of blackmail in Delhi and elsewhere in the country ;

(b) if so, the number and details of such cases that have come to Government's notice in Delhi and other States and Union Territories during the current year 1994; and

(c) whether Government have had under consideration, any proposal to protect the women and girl victims of blackmail whose photographs are taken in promiscuous posture intoxication influence of drugs or threat to life or otherwise, and subjected to blackmail and forced into sileat rape or gang-rape and even flesh trade, if so, the details in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED) : (a) and (b) A Statement indicating the number of cases of gang-rapes reported in the country (State/Union Territory-wise) during the current year 1994 is enclosed (*See* below).

(c) The registration investigation, detection and prevention of crimes, including crimes against women is the responsibility of the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations. However, the Government of India have initiated a number of measures to check such crimes. The Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure (1973) and the Indian Evidence Act (1872) have been amended to deal with such crime. Instructions/guidelines have also been issued from time to time to the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations to effectively enforce legislation relating to crime against women. Besides the media is being used to project women in positive terms. Awareness generation camps are being organised. Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWACRA) programme and female literacy programmes are some of the other steps being taken to improve the status of women. A special Unit for Crime Against Women was set up in Delhi in 1983 which is headed by a Deputy Commissioner of Police to look into such incidents of Crime. Apart from this, Women Cell has been set up in each District under Women Inspector with sufficient number of Women Police Officer/staff to inquire into complaints of women who are victims of various offences.

Statement

Incidence of Gang-rape during 1994 (*State & UT-wise*)

Sl. No.	States/UTs	Incidence	Remarks (Figures are up to Month of)
1	2	3	4
STATES :			
1.	Andhra Pradesh	37	September
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0	September
3.	Assam	5	June
4.	Bihar	0	February
5.	Goa	0	September
6.	Gujarat	1	June

Statement—*Contd.*

1	2	3	4
7.	Haryana	0	August
8.	Himachal Pradesh	2	September
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	0	April
10.	Karnataka	18	September
11.	Kerala	22	September
12.	Madhya Pradesh	60	September
13.	Maharashtra	76	September
14.	Manipur	0	September
15.	Meghalaya	0	June
16.	Mizoram	1	October
17.	Nagaland	0	September
18.	Orissa	20	April
19.	Punjab	2	September
20.	Rajasthan	105	August
21.	Sikkim	0	August
22.	Tamil Nadu	0	July
23.	Tripura	6	September
24.	Uttar Pradesh	0	July
25.	West Bengal	NA	—
	TOTAL (STATES) :	355	
UNION TERRITORIES :			
26.	A & N Islands	0	September
27.	Chandigarh*	0	October
28.	D & N Haveli	0	September
29.	Daman & Diu	0	May
30.	Delhi	7	October
31.	Lakshadweep	0	July
32.	Pondicherry	2	October
	TOTAL (UTS)	9	
	TOTAL (ALL INDIA) :	364	

SOURCES : Monthly Crime Statistics.

NOTE : 1. Figures Are Provisional.
2. NA Stands for Not Available.
3. *Excludes August Month Data due to its Non-availability.

Influx of Bangla Migrants

2360. SHRI K. R. MALKANI : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have seen the Press reports 'Bangla immigrants in Delhi double in one year' (Pioneer, 11th October, 1994) and 'Bangla migrants turn drug smugglers' (Pioneer, 18th October, 1994);

(b) what is Government doing to stem the flood of Bangla infilitration ; and

(c) what steps have been taken to nip their drug trade ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED) : (a) and (b) No Press report titled 'Bangla immigrants in Delhi double in one year' has appeared in the Pioneer of 11th October, 1994. However, Press reports titled 'Bangla immigrants in Delhi double in a year' and "Bangla migrants turn drug smugglers" did appear in the Pioneer of 15th October, 1994 and 18th October, 1994 respectively. Of them, the Press report dated 18th October, 1994 does not relate to Bangla immigrants in Delhi turning drug smugglers.

The precise number of illegal Bangladeshi immigrants in Delhi is not known as no comprehensive survey has been carried out in this regard. There are standing instructions of the Government that any illegal foreign immigrant/infilitrant notice should be deported. Deportation of illegal immigrants is a continuous process.